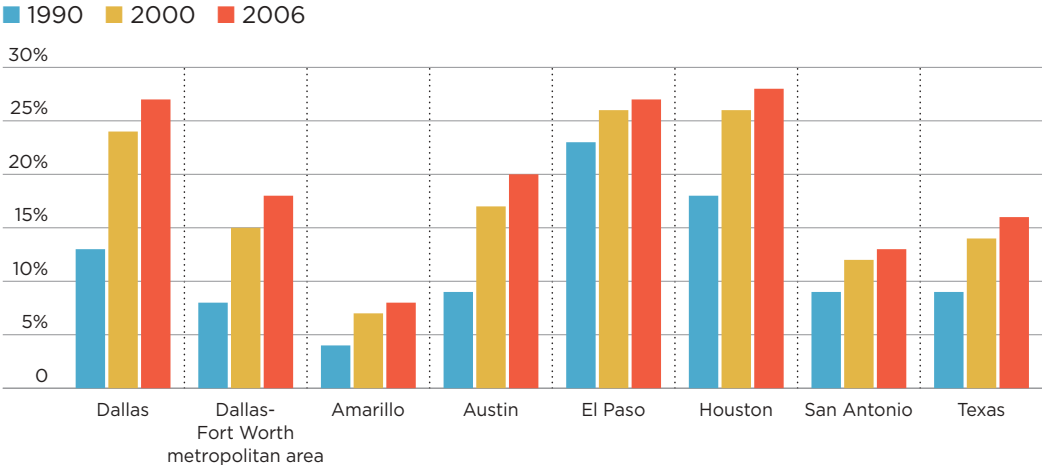


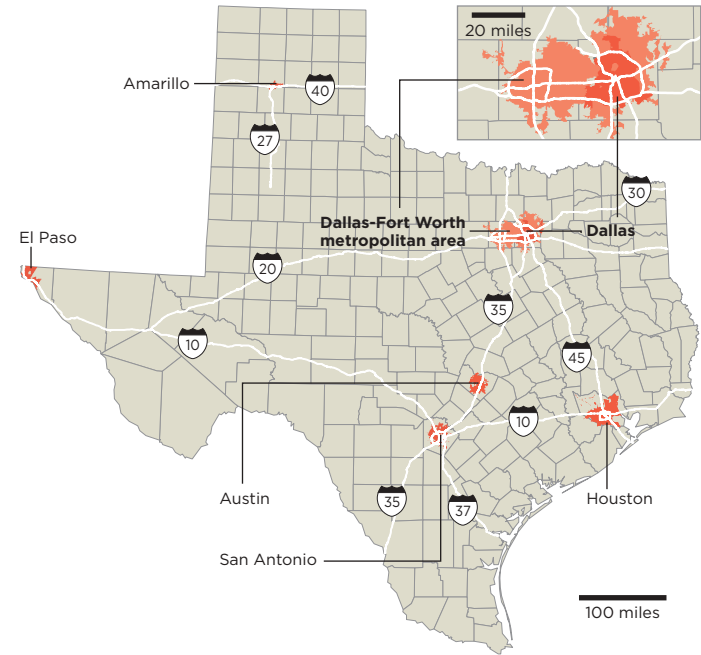
# Checking out the numbers

## Immigration in Texas

This is a look at the growth of foreign-born residents in major Texas urban areas between 1990 and 2006. The majority are from Mexico or other Latin American countries.

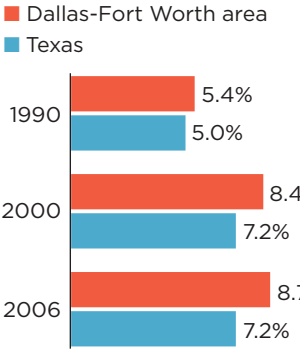


SOURCE: *Dallas Morning News* analysis of U.S. Census data by staff writer Holly K. Hacker



## A look at students

The percentages of foreign-born school-age children (ages 5 to 17) between 1990 and 2006 for the Dallas-Fort Worth area and for Texas:



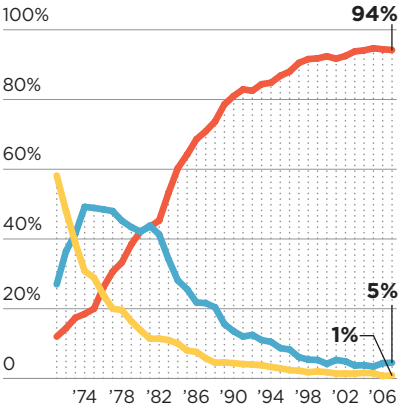
SOURCES: Public Use Microdata Sample for 1990 and 2000; American Community Survey for 2006

## Ethnicity of students in public schools

The percentages of Hispanic, black and white students at Adamson High, in Dallas Independent School District schools and in Texas public schools by academic year from 1971-72 to 2007-08. Recent immigrants are a small percentage of the Hispanic population.

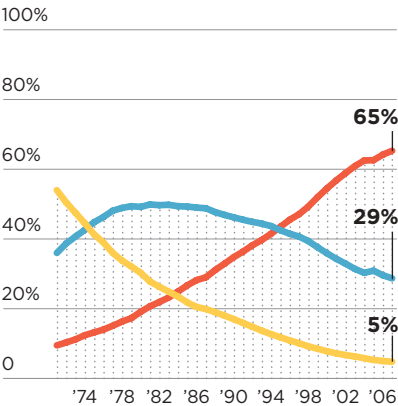
### Adamson High School

■ Hispanic ■ Black ■ White



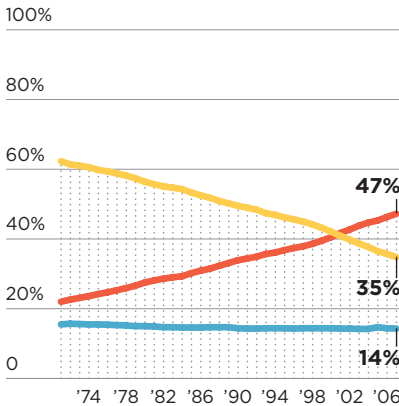
### DISD schools

■ Hispanic ■ Black ■ White



### Public schools statewide

■ Hispanic ■ Black ■ White



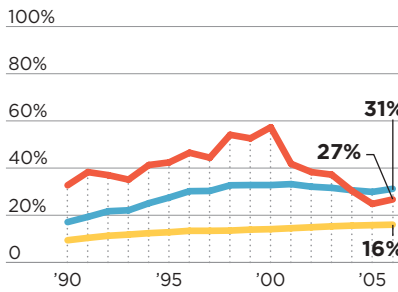
SOURCE: *Dallas Morning News* analysis of DISD and Texas Education Agency data by staff writer Holly K. Hacker

## Limited English proficiency students and poverty

A look at the percentage of students with limited English proficiency and the percentage of low-income students at Adamson High School, in the Dallas Independent School District and in public schools statewide by academic year from 1990-91 to 2006-07. These students tend to struggle more academically. LEP is a broad category that includes U.S.-born and foreign-born students.

### Students learning English

■ Adamson ■ DISD ■ Texas

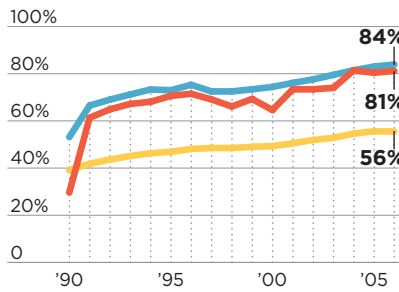


NOTE: Low-income students, as defined by the state, are eligible for subsidized school lunches or other public assistance.

SOURCE: *Dallas Morning News* research

### Low-income students

■ Adamson ■ DISD ■ Texas



TOM SETZER/Staff Artist